

Scientific profile structure (portfolio) of potential research supervisor as participant of the International Olympiad in the Association "Global universities" on the postgraduate studies track in 2025-2026

University	Samara National Research University
English proficiency	Pre intermediate
Educational program and field of the educational program for which the applicant will be accepted	5.9.5.Russian language. Languages of the peoples of Russia
List of research projects of a potential supervisor	Executor of a number of projects: "Asymmetry of linguistic and cognitive pictures of the world" (RHF grant No. 07-04-00246a), "Socio- and psycholinguistic portrait of a native speaker in the conditions of multilingual Bashkortostan" (RHF-Ural grant No. 06-04-84403a/U) , "Cognitive and communicative aspects of discursive activity" (FTP "Scientific and scientific-pedagogical personnel of innovative Russia" for 2009-2013, agreement dated 07.09.2012 No. 14.B37.21.1000), "Holding an international Olympiad in Russian in a remote (with a face-to-face tour in Moscow)" (FTP "Russian language" for 2016-2020, lot 12).
List of possible research topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specifics of various parts of the semantic system of the Russian language in synchrony and diachrony. • Regularities of system-linguistic and textual expression of emotions. • Emotionogenic potential of language units of different levels. • Mechanisms of figurative and metaphorical representation of abstract concepts. • Linguistic representation of value constants in synchrony and diachrony. • Linguocultural specificity of the lexical and phraseological system of the Russian language.
 <p>Research supervisor: Larisa A. Kiseleva, Doctor of Science at Samara University</p>	The Russian language and the languages of the peoples of Russia
	Supervisor's research interests: System and functional semantics, contrastive linguistics, linguistics of emotions, psycholinguistics, sociolinguistics, linguoculturology, cognitive linguistics, media language.
	Research highlights: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The supervisor is constantly involved in the execution of work on grants receiving financial support. • Interaction is carried out with Russian and foreign researchers working in the field of declared scientific interests. • The results of scientific work are constantly published in highly cited scientific journals and presented in the form of reports at specialized international conferences.
	Supervisor's specific requirements: None
	Supervisor's main publications: 10 articles indexed in Web of Science or Scopus during last 5 year: 1. Kiseleva L.A. Naturmorphic images in Slavic and Turkic emotive phraseology: parallels and contrasts // Bulletin of the Volgograd State University. Series 2, Linguistics. 2023. Vol. 22, No. 1. – pp. 97-107. 2. Kiseleva L.A., Todosienko Z.V., Lukmanova R.R., Kuular E.M.O. Metaphor as a means of visualizing the object of naming in media texts

	<p>(based on the material of Russian, English, Tatar and Tuvan languages) // New studies of Tuva. 2022. No. 4. – pp. 243-256.</p> <p>3. Kiseleva L.A., Todosienko Z.V., Vasilieva A.Yu. Metaphorical macromodels to describe regularities of secondary nomination // The European Proceedings of Social and Behavioural Sciences. Volume 107. ISCKMC 2020. International Scientific Congress «KNOWLEDGE, MAN AND CIVILIZATION». 2021. P. 795-800. DOI: 10.15405/epsbs.2021.05.108.</p> <p>4. Kiseleva L.A., Di Y. Linguocultural Basis Of Comparative Studies Of Phraseology Of Unrelated Languages // The European Proceedings of Social and Behavioural Sciences. Volume 92. International Scientific Conference «Social and Cultural Transformations in the Context of Modern Globalism» dedicated to the 80th anniversary of Turkayev Hassan Vakhitovich (SCTMG 2020). – P. 555-561.</p> <p>5. Kiseleva L.A., Todosienko Z.V. Cognitive bases of semantic derivation in differently structured languages // Questions of cognitive linguistics. 2019. No. 1. – pp. 21-29.</p>
	<p>Results of intellectual activity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – A contribution was made to the development of the linguistic theory of emotivity: on the basis of a critical analysis of modern research approaches, a definition of emotivity was proposed and the specific nature of this category was revealed; the basic principles of the relationship of emotivity with the borderline categories of expressiveness and evaluativeness were established; methods of representation of emotive semantics, including private (level) mechanisms of linguistic expression of emotions, were described; patterns of lexical explication were characterized, the criteria for distinguishing several classes of emotive lexemes are defined. – The main trends of semantic evolution of emotive vocabulary and phraseology of the Russian language during the XI–XX centuries in projection on the material of the Indo-European and Common Slavic proto-languages, as well as modern Slavic languages are established. – A dynamic model of meaningful changes in the emotive vocabulary and phraseology of the Russian language is constructed, taking into account both linguistic and extralinguistic factors. – The most important parameters of linguistic modeling of emotions in a literary text (causality, temporality, intensity and external expression of emotions) are determined, which are largely universal in nature, since they reflect the main ontological characteristics of internal states; the author's individual specificity of qualitative and quantitative representation of these parameters is established, due, on the one hand, to the systemic relations of emotives that are projected on the semantic space of the text, on the other – the associative connections of these units within specific works. – The mechanisms of semantic derivation in different languages (including genetically and typologically distant ones) are systematically analyzed; cognitive models underlying the derived meanings of predicates of various classes in related/unrelated languages (Slavic, Germanic, Turkic) are determined; universal/unique ones are identified with the involvement of lexicographic sources and media texts; it is established that the secondary meanings of predicate lexemes implement the principle of anthropocentrism, since they indicate denotative spheres associated with human activity (intellectual, emotional, social, etc.). – The analysis of the linguistic and cultural specifics of the phraseology of a number of languages (Slavic, Turkic, Chinese), including the dominant images underlying the internal form of phraseological units is carried out; it

	<p>is revealed that these images correlate with the corresponding codes of culture, which suggest a figurative interpretation of the realities of the world through the prism of knowledge about them. These images form an ordered system, the elements of which can be analyzed in terms of both frequency and universality/ethnospecificity of their content.</p>
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Patents:

1. Communicative and pragmatic aspect of discursive activity, certificate of state registration of databases No.2014620220, received 04.02.2014.